TITLE: SUSCEPTIBILITY TO IMIPENEM OF CLINICAL ISOLATES OF *Mycobacterium abscessus* complex: COMPARISON OF BROTH MICRODILUTION AND ETEST

AUTHORS: CARNEIRO, M.S.^{1,2}; CRISPIM, M.N.², BAETHGEN, L.F.³, NUNES, L.S.⁴; BARTH, A.L^{1,2}

PÓS-GRADUAÇÃO **INSTITUTION:** DE ΕM CIÊNCIAS ¹PROGRAMA FARMACÊUTICAS **UNIVERSIDADE** (PPGCF), FACULDADE DE FARMÁCIA, FEDERAL DO RIO GRANDE DO SUL (UFRGS), (AV. PAULO GAMA, 110 -FARROUPILHA, CEP 90610-000, PORTO ALEGRE – RS, BRAZIL); ²LABORATÓRIO DE PESQUISA EM RESISTÊNCIA BACTERIANA (LABRESIS), CENTRO DE PESQUISA EXPERIMENTAL, HOSPITAL DE CLÍNICAS DE PORTO ALEGRE (HCPA) - (R. RAMIRO BARCELOS, 2350, SANTA CECILIA, CEP 90035-903, PORTO ALEGRE - RS, BRAZIL); 3HOSPITAL DE CLÍNICAS DE PORTO ALEGRE (HCPA) - (R. RAMIRO BARCELOS, 2350, SANTA CECILIA, CEP 90035-903, PORTO ALEGRE - RS, BRAZIL); 4UNIVERSIDADE FEDERAL DO PAMPA (UNIPAMPA), (BR 472, KM 585, CEP 97501-970, URUGUAIANA - RS, BRAZIL)

ABSTRACT:

Mycobacterium abscessus complex (MABC) is usually resistant to multiple antibiotics and the carbapenems have been proposed as therapeutic alternatives. This study aimed to evaluated the minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) of imipenem determined by Etest with broth microdiluition of MABC. A total of 30 MABC clinical isolates (23 M. abscessus subsp. abscessus, 6 M. abscessus subsp. bolletii and 1 M. abscessus subsp. massiliense) were tested by microdiluition (reference method, according Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute (CLSI M24-A2) and by Etest (bioMerieux). An inoculum of 1 McFarland on Mueller Hinton agar was used for the Etest method and the MIC was read after 72 h of incubation at 36C. The MICs were interpreted according to the CLSI (susceptible ≤4 µg/mL, intermediate 8-16 µg/mL and resistant ≥32µg/mL). According to the reference method, 20% MABC isolates were suscetible to imipenem (4 M. abscessus subsp. abscessus, 1 M. abscessus subsp. massiliense and 1 M. abscessus subsp. bolletii), 56.7% MABC isolates presented intermediate resistance (12 M. abscessus subsp. abscessus and 5 M. abscessus subsp. bolletii) and 23.3% were fully resistant (all M. abscessus subsp. abscessus). The Etest presented categorical agreement with microdiluition for 21 (70%) isolates. Nine isolates (all with Intermediate susceptibility by microdiluition) presented minor errors: 4 isolates were classified as Susceptible by Etest; 5 isolates were classified as Resistant by Etest. Most MABC isolates exhibit intermediate or full resistance (80%) to imipenem. In summary the Etest in this evaluation did not perform as well as microdiluition for susceptibility testing of MABC isolates due to minor errors. I has to be considered that most category changes of Intermediate were due to only one fold dilution of MIC.

Keywords: Broth microdiluition, Etest, *Mycobacterium abscessus* complex

Development Agency: CAPES (Coordenação de Aperfeiçoamento de Pessoal de Nível Superior). FIPE/HCPA (Fundo de Incentivo a Pesquisa e Eventos - Hospital de Clínicas de Porto Alegre)